

AQT0794 - LCK Assay Validation

PhosphoSens®-Kinetic Assay Format

Outline for this Study



PhosphoSens-Kinetic Assay Validation

Enzyme Source, Construct, and Lot Information:

Carna LCK (Cat#/Lot#: 08-170/20CBS-0111F) amino acids full length; N-terminal GST tag

Reference Compound Information:

Staurosporine MedChemExpress (Cat. HY-15141)

Experiments to be run:

Enzyme Titration

Sensor Peptide K_m Determination

ATP K_m Determination

DMSO Tolerance Test

Reference Compound IC₅₀ Determination at ATP K_m

Enzyme Titration

Reaction Conditions and Set Up

AssayQuant*

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1% glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

15 μM AQT0794

0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 nM LCK

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 20 or 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

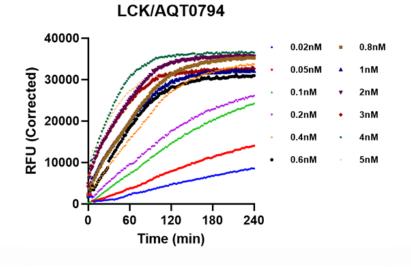
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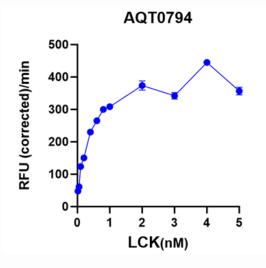
Enzyme Titration

AssayQuant®

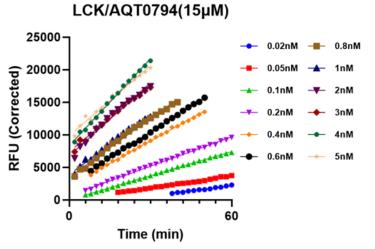
Progress Curves

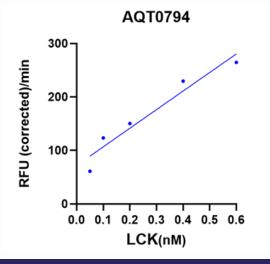
Complete Progress Curves





Linear Region of Progress Curves





Linear Range

Enzyme Titration



Reaction Rate Table

France Cons. (nM)	Normalized	Normalized Rate
Enzyme Conc. (nM)	Reaction Rate (RFU/pmole/min)	Stnd Error (RFU/pmole/min)
0.02	76,125	4,783
0.05	57,540	1,021
0.1	61,450	348
0.2	35,750	788
0.4	28,025	199
0.6	23,533	370
0.8	16,913	282
1	12,860	234
2	8,468	267
3	5,695	169
4	5,559	89
5	3,566	118

The reaction is linear from 0.1 - 0.4 nM

Sensor Peptide K_m Determination



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 30, 50, 70, and 100 μM AQT0794

2 nM LCK

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

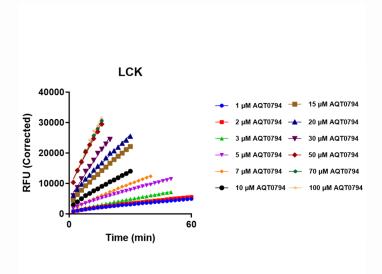
Notes:

Sensor Peptide K_m Determination

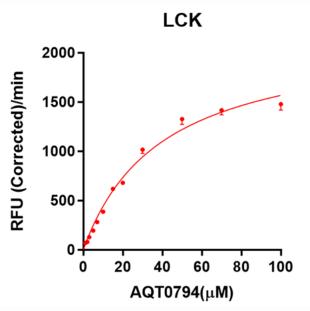


Titration Curves and K_m Plot and Table

Sensor Peptide Titration Curves



Sensor Peptide K_m Plot



Sensor Peptide K_m is 40 µM

Sensor Peptide K_m Table

Michaelis-Menten	
Best-fit values	
Vmax	2190
Km	39.78
Std. Error	
Vmax	137.0
Km	5.355
95% CI (profile likelihood)	
Vmax	1931 to 2523
Km	30.19 to 53.32
Goodness of Fit	
Degrees of Freedom	10
R squared	0.9883
·	

ATP K_m Determination



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

0, 2.0, 3.9, 7.8, 16, 31, 63, 125, 250, 500, 1000, and 2000 μM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

15 μM AQT0794

2 nM LCK

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

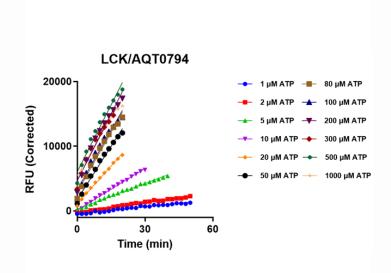
Notes:

ATP K_m Determination

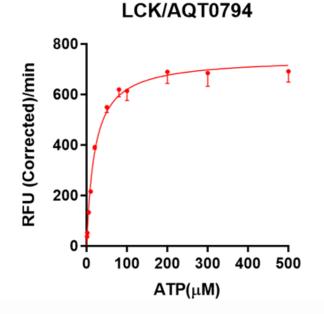


Titration Curves and K_m Plot and Table

ATP Titration Curves



ATP K_m Plot



ATP K_m is 20 μM

ATP K_m Table

Michaelis-Menten	
Best-fit values	
Vmax	743.2
Km	20.01
Std. Error	
Vmax	13.61
Km	1.638
95% CI (profile likelihood)	
Vmax	713.7 to 773.9
Km	16.75 to 23.88
Goodness of Fit	
Degrees of Freedom	9
R squared	0.9947

DMSO Tolerance Test



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1 mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1% glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

0, .01, .02, .04, .08, .16, .31, .63, 1.3, 2.5, 5.0, and 10% DMSO

15 μM AQT0794

2 nM LCK

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x DMSO dilutions

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with Sensor Peptide, ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

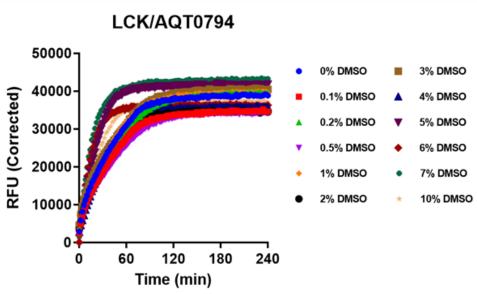
Notes:

DMSO Tolerance Test

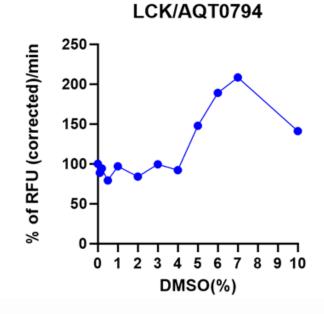


Titration Curves and Inhibition Plot





Reaction Rate vs [DMSO] Plot



No change in enzyme activity out to 4% DMSO

IC₅₀ Determination

Assay Quant®

Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

ATP at K_m

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

1% DMSO

15 μM AQT0794

2 nM LCK

0.1 mM Staurosporine was serially diluted (3-fold, 11-point) in 100%DMSO. The series was then diluted 10-fold into BSA (with a final concentration of 0.2 mg/mL BSA in 10% DMSO) to prepare the 10x compound stocks.

Reaction Set Up:

16 μL Reaction Mix with Sensor Peptide and Inhibitor

 $4 \mu L$ 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 20 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

Inhibitors are added via direct (0.4 μ L of 50X stock in 100% DMSO) or intermediate dilutions (2.0 μ L of 10X stock in 10% DMSO).

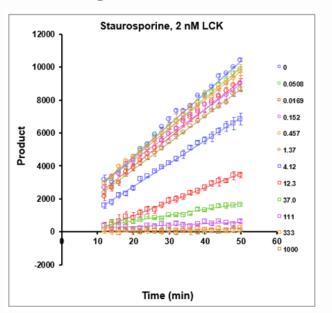
Notes:

IC₅₀ Determination

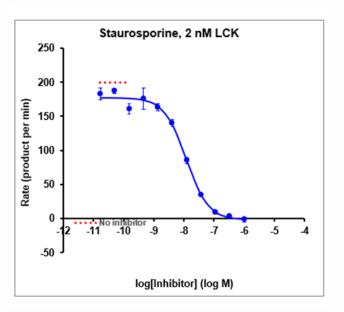


Progress Curves and IC₅₀ Curves and Table

Linear Region of Progress Curves



IC₅₀ Curve



IC₅₀ Table

Parameter	Value
Bottom	-1.7
Тор	177.6
log IC50	-7.93
IC50 (nM)	11.76
Ki (nM)	5.88
Slope	-1.197
R squared	0.994
IC50 approx SE (nM)	0.52
50% inhibition (nM)	11.57

The Y-axis label is RFU/min.

Staurosporine IC₅₀ at ATP K_m is 11.8 nM

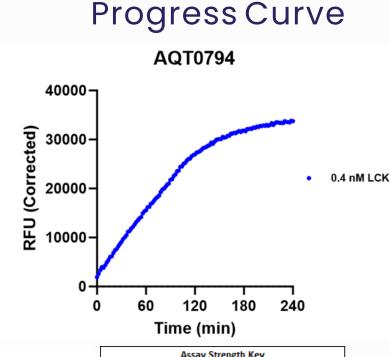
Summary



Assay Validation Results and Progress Curve and Assay Strength at 1 mM ATP

Experiment	Result
Enzyme Titration Linear Range	0.1 - 0.4 nM
Sensor Peptide K _m Value	40 μΜ
ATP K _m Value	20 μΜ
DMSO Tolerance (highest % recommended)	4
Staurosporine IC ₅₀ Determination at ATP K _m	11.8 nM

Kinase Name	Conc. (nM)	Sox-based Substrate Name	Reaction Rate	Normalized Rate StndError (RFU/pmole/mi
LCK	0.4	AQT0794	28,025	199



Assi	Assay Strength Key	
Very Strong	>1,000 (RFU/pmole/min)	
Strong	300 to 999 (RFU/pmole/min)	
Moderate	100 to 299 (RFU/pmole/min)	
Weak	30 to 99 (RFU/pmole/min)	

Under the conditions utilized for this experiment, the assay is Very Strong