

AQT0887 - NEK7 Assay Validation

PhosphoSens®-Kinetic Assay Format

Outline for this Study



PhosphoSens®-Kinetic Assay Validation

Enzyme Source, Construct, and Lot Information:

Carna NEK7 (05-131/13CBS-0250F) amino acid full length; N-terminal GST tag

Reference Compound Information:

Staurosporine MedChemExpress (Cat. HY-15141)

Experiments to be run:

Enzyme Titration

Sensor Peptide K_M Determination

ATP K_M Determination

DMSO Tolerance Test

Reference Compound IC₅₀ Determination at ATP K_M

Enzyme Titration

Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1% glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

15 uM AQT0887

0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, and 20 nM NEK7



Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 20 or 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

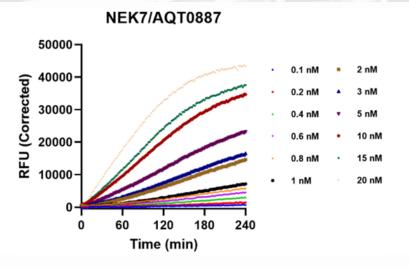
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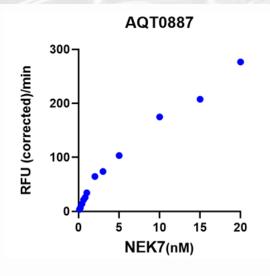
Enzyme Titration

AssayQuant®

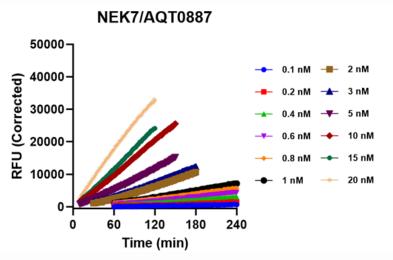
Progress Curves

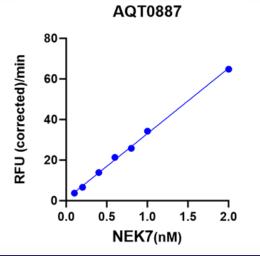
Complete Progress Curves





Linear Region of Progress Curves





Linear Range

Enzyme Titration



Reaction Rate Table

Engline Cons. (nM)	Normalized	Normalized Rate
Enzyme Conc. (nM)	Reaction Rate (RFU/pmole/min)	Stnd Error (RFU/pmole/min)
0.1	1,838	55
0.2	1,635	37
0.4	1,725	19
0.6	1,773	15
0.8	1,611	12
1	1,713	10
2	1,619	13
3	1,231	8
5	1,033	6
10	875	3
15	692	3
20	691	5

The reaction is linear from 0.1 - 2.0 nM

Sensor Peptide K_M Determination



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 30, 50, 70, & 100 uM AQT0887

10 nM NEK7

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

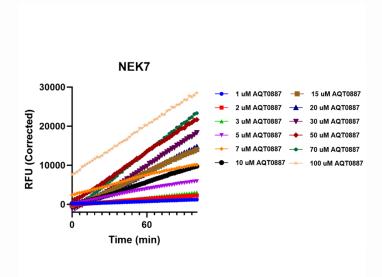
Notes:

Sensor Peptide K_M Determination

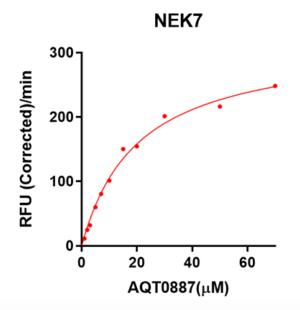


Titration Curves and K_M Plot and Table

Sensor Peptide Titration Curves



Sensor Peptide K_M Plot



Sensor Peptide K_M is 20 uM

Sensor Peptide K_M Table

Michaelis-Menten	
Best-fit values	
Vmax	318.5
Km	20.27
Std. Error	
Vmax	14.06
Km	2.107
95% CI (profile likelihood)	
Vmax	289.8 to 352.6
Km	16.16 to 25.56
Goodness of Fit	
Degrees of Freedom	9
R squared	0.9912
·	

ATP K_M Determination



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

 $0, 2.0, 3.9, 7.8, 16, 31, 63, 125, 250, 500, 1000, and 2000 \mu M ATP$

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

15 uM AQT0887

10 nM NEK7

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x Sensor Peptide

14 or 17.5 μL Reaction Mix with ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

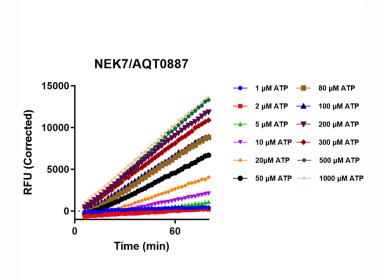
Notes:

ATP K_M Determination

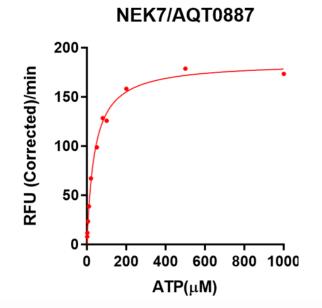


Titration Curves and K_M Plot and Table

ATP Titration Curves



ATP K_M Plot



ATP K_M is 39 uM

ATP K_M Table

Michaelis-Menten	
Best-fit values	
Vmax	185.0
Km	38.83
Std. Error	
Vmax	3.803
Km	3.090
95% CI (profile likelihood)	
Vmax	176.5 to 193.9
Km	32.24 to 46.53
Goodness of Fit	
Degrees of Freedom	9
R squared	0.9947

DMSO Tolerance Test



Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

1 mM ATP

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂

0, .01, .02, .04, .08, .16, .31, .63, 1.3, 2.5, 5.0, and 10% DMSO

15 uM AQT0887

10 nM NEK7

Reaction Set Up:

2 or 2.5 μL 10x DMSO dilutions

14 or 17.5 µL Reaction Mix with Sensor Peptide, ATP & DTT

4 or 5 μL 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 or 25 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 25 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

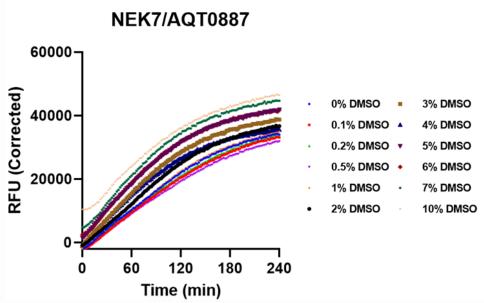
Notes:

DMSO Tolerance Test

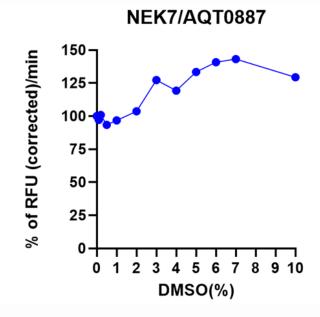


Titration Curves and Inhibition Plot





Reaction Rate vs [DMSO] Plot



There is no significant inhibitory effect up to 2% DMSO

IC₅₀ Determination

AssayQuant®

Reaction Conditions and Set Up

Reaction Conditions:

54 mM HEPES, pH 7.5

ATP at K_M

1.2 mM DTT

0.012% Brij-35

1%glycerol

0.2 mg/ml BSA

0.55 mM EGTA

10 mM MgCl₂ 1% DMSO

15 uM AQT0887

10 nM NEK7

5 mM Staurosporine with 3-fold titration in 100% DMSO then diluted 10-fold into BSA (with a final concentration of 0.2 mg/ml) for a DMSO concentration of 10% before diluted 10-fold into reaction mixture with a final DMSO concentration of 1%

Reaction Set Up:

16 μL Reaction Mix with Sensor Peptide and Inhibitor

 $4 \mu L$ 1x EDB or Kinase dilutions (5x in EDB)

20 μL Final reaction volume

Reactions were run at 30°C for 240 minutes in either Corning, low volume 384-well, white flat round bottom polystyrene NBS microplates (Cat. #3824) at 20 μ L final well volume or in in PerkinElmer, ProxiPlate-384 Plus, white shallow well microplates (Cat. #6008280) at 20 μ L final well volume after sealing using optically-clear adhesive film (TopSealA-Plus plate seal, PerkinElmer [Cat. #6050185]) in a Biotek Synergy Neo 2 microplate reader with excitation (360 nm) and emission (485 nm) wavelengths.

Inhibitors are added via direct (0.4 μ L of 50X stock in 100% DMSO) or intermediate dilutions (2.0 μ L of 10X stock in 10% DMSO).

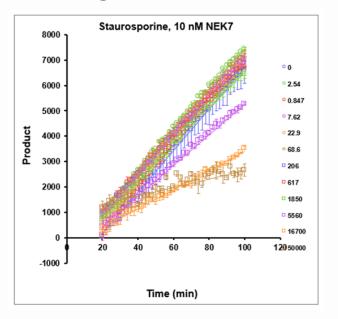
Notes:

IC₅₀ Determination

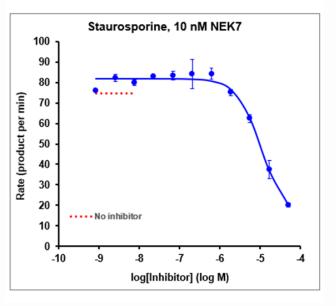


Progress Curves and IC₅₀ Curves and Table

Linear Region of Progress Curves



IC₅₀ Curve



IC₅₀ Table

Parameter	Value
Bottom	13.4
Top	81.9
log IC50	-4.97
IC50 (nM)	10709.05
Ki (nM)	5354.53
Slope	-1.425
R squared	0.986
IC50 approx SE (nM)	446.42
50% inhibition (nM)	14130.06

The Y-axis label is RFU/min.

Staurosporine IC₅₀ at ATP K_M is 10700 nM

Summary

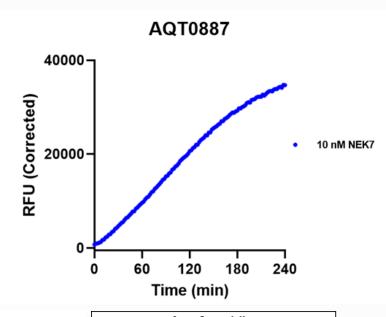


Assay Validation Results and Progress Curve and Assay Strength at 1 mM ATP

Experiment	Result
Enzyme Titration Linear From	0.1 - 2.0 nM
Sensor Peptide K _M Determination	20 uM
ATP K _M Determination	39 uM
DMSO Tolerance Test	2%
Staurosporine IC50 Determination	10700 nM

Kinase Name	Conc. (nM)	Sox-based Substrate Name	Reaction Rate	Normalized Rate StndError (RFU/pmole/mi
NEK7	10	AQT0887	875	3

Progress Curve



Assay Strength Key	
Very Strong	>1,000 (RFU/pmole/min)
Strong	300 to 999 (RFU/pmole/min)
Moderate	100 to 299 (RFU/pmole/min)
Weak	30 to 99 (RFU/pmole/min)

Under the conditions utilized for this experiment, the assay is Strong